Welcome Letter

How EMDR can help you feel less pain

Chronic pain can be a confusing and overwhelming problem to live with. Here are a few things you need to know before starting your healing journey.

Chronic pain is a mind-body problem. 1.

Human beings have two pain pathways, one from the body to the brain and one from the brain to the body. Acute pain comes from your body)'bottom-up' processing) Chronic pain feels like it's coming from your body, but it really comes from your brain.

Your brain chronic pain treats chronic pain as an emotional problem, not a sen-2. sory one;

Only 2 of the 9 key areas of the brain that are involved in chronic pain are for sensory processing.

7 of the 9 brain areas that are responsible for chronic pain, are for mental and emotional processing.

Your brain not only notices pain (nociception) it also remembers it in the form of 3. altered patterns of neural firing (central sensitization).

That's because your brain is designed to remember anything that is relevant to your survival, which pain is.

- 4. Your brain also sends pain signals back to your body (top-down processing).
- Pain can persist for many reasons (depleted immune system, previous trauma, 5. genetic predisposition etc).
- 6. The longer you experience pain the more your brain remembers it. While its unfortunate, that's just your brain doing what's its meant to.
- 7. Just as the brain remembers, it can also forget.

Neuroplasticity refers to how the brain learns, through forming and re-forming neuronal connections, something neuroscientist Daniel Seagal summaries as 'Neurons that fire together wire together.'

This means that your brain can always learn - that you can change your brain change your pain.

(Remember, even though pain feels like it's coming from your body, chronic pain really comes from your brain).

- Just as you have bottom-up and top-down brain-pain pathways, you also have 8. bottom-up and top-down analgesic pathways.
 - Interventions such as massage, hot and cold stimulus and topical creams are 'bottom-up.' Interventions such as Meditation, Hypnosis and Cognitive therapy are 'top-down.' Top-down and bottom-up interventions harness different biochemical reactions.
- The best way to change your brain change your pain is to have new experiences 9. that stimulate new patterns of brain activity that get remembered.
- EMDR is an integrated bottom-up/top-down treatment which uses dual focus of 10. attention and bilateral stimulation (BLS), to disrupt the patterns of brain activity which maintain pain.
- 11. EMDR has been found to de-activate several of the 7 key areas of the brain involved in pain processing, especially areas involved in emotional processing. EMDR also seems to stimulate the top-down brain-body analgesic pathway through the locus cereleus – amygdala – PAG pathway which stimulates the release of natural opioids (endorphins and enkephalins). These systems are part of your body's Adaptive Information Processing system which normally processes painful experiences adaptively.
- EMDR treatment of pain also usually involves resolving trauma or other psycho-12. logical issues which might be subtly maintaining your pain. Unresolved psychological trauma often acts as a hidden non-medical cause of chronic pain.
- Although it may not lead to complete elimination of your pain, EMDR can help 13. reduce its intensity and associated emotional distress.
- 14. Keeping a lid on on-going pain may require supplementing EMDR with interventions such as Hypnosis. Hypnosis gives you access to the power of your subconscious mind, which regulates your bodily systems.
- How long will it take? 15.
 - That's up to you depending on how determined you are to get better, how willing you are to take responsibility for that, and how able you are to maintain a compassionate attitude toward yourself. Knowing that there will be set-backs but not giving up. The most important thing is to believe in yourself – that you can get better, that you deserve to get better.